

FLOOR AMENDMENT
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
State of Oklahoma

SPEAKER:

CHAIR:

I move to amend HB3190 _____
Of the printed Bill
Page _____ Section _____ Lines _____
Of the Engrossed Bill

By striking the Title, the Enacting Clause, the entire bill, and by inserting in lieu thereof the following language:

AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM TO AMENDMENTS

Adopted: _____

Amendment submitted by: Carl Newton _____

Reading Clerk

1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2 2nd Session of the 59th Legislature (2024)

3 FLOOR SUBSTITUTE
4 FOR

5 HOUSE BILL NO. 3190

6 By: Newton

7 FLOOR SUBSTITUTE

8 An Act relating to health insurance; creating the
9 Ensuring Transparency in Prior Authorization Act;
10 defining terms; requiring disclosure and review of
11 prior authorization; requiring certain personnel make
12 adverse determinations; requiring consultation prior
13 to adverse determination; requiring certain criteria
14 for reviewing physicians; establishing certain
15 obligations for utilization review entity in certain
16 circumstances; prohibiting certain retrospective
17 denial; providing for length of prior authorization
18 in certain circumstances; providing continuity of
19 care; providing for severability; providing for
20 noncodification; providing for codification; and
21 providing an effective date.

22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

23 SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law not to be
24 codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows:

25 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Ensuring
26 Transparency in Prior Authorization Act".

27 SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
28 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.1 of Title 36, unless there
29 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1 As used in this act:

2 1. "Adverse determination" means a determination by a health
3 carrier or its designee utilization review entity that an admission,
4 availability of care, continued stay, or other health care service
5 that is a covered benefit has been reviewed and, based upon the
6 information provided, does not meet the health carrier's
7 requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, health care
8 setting, level of care, or effectiveness, and the requested service
9 or payment for the service is therefore denied, reduced, or
10 terminated as defined by Section 6475.3 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma
11 Statutes;

12 2. "Chronic condition" means a condition that lasts one (1)
13 year or more and requires ongoing medical attention or limits
14 activities of daily living or both;

15 3. "Clinical criteria" means the written policies, written
16 screening procedures, determination rules, determination abstracts,
17 clinical protocols, practice guidelines, medical protocols, and any
18 other criteria or rationale used by the utilization review entity to
19 determine the necessity and appropriateness of health care services;

20 4. "Emergency health care services", with respect to an
21 emergency medical condition as defined in 42 U.S.C.A., Section
22 300gg-111, means:

- 23 a. a medical screening examination, as required under
24 Section 1867 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C.,

1 Section 1395dd, or as would be required under such
2 section if such section applied to an independent,
3 freestanding emergency department, that is within the
4 capability of the emergency department, of a hospital
5 or of an independent, freestanding emergency
6 department, as applicable, including ancillary
7 services routinely available to the emergency
8 department to evaluate such emergency medical
9 condition, and

10 b. within the capabilities of the staff and facilities
11 available at the hospital or the independent,
12 freestanding emergency department, as applicable, such
13 further medical examination and treatment as are
14 required under Section 1395dd of the Social Security
15 Act, or as would be required under such section if
16 such section applied to an independent, freestanding
17 emergency department, to stabilize the patient,
18 regardless of the department of the hospital in which
19 such further examination or treatment is furnished, as
20 defined by 42 U.S.C.A., Section 300gg-111;

21 5. "Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act" or
22 "EMTALA" means Section 1867 of the Social Security Act and
23 associated regulations;

1 6. "Enrollee" means an individual who is enrolled in a health
2 care plan, including covered dependents, as defined by Section
3 6592.1 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

4 7. "Health care provider" means any person or other entity who
5 is licensed pursuant to the provisions of Title 59 or Title 63 of
6 the Oklahoma Statutes, or pursuant to the definition in Section 1-
7 1708.1C of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

8 8. "Health care services" means any services provided by a
9 health care provider, or by an individual working for or under the
10 supervision of a health care provider, that relate to the diagnosis,
11 assessment, prevention, treatment, or care of any human illness,
12 disease, injury, or condition, as defined by Section 1-1708.1C.2 of
13 Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

14 The term also includes the provision of mental health and substance
15 use disorder services, as defined by Section 6060.10 of Title 36 of
16 the Oklahoma Statutes, and the provision of durable medical
17 equipment. The term does not include the provision, administration,
18 or prescription of pharmaceutical products or services;

19 9. "Licensed mental health professional" means:

- 20 a. a psychiatrist who is a diplomate of the American
21 Board of Psychiatry and Neurology,
- 22 b. a psychiatrist who is a diplomate of the American
23 Osteopathic Board of Neurology and Psychiatry,

- 1 c. a physician licensed pursuant to the Oklahoma
2 Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and
3 Supervision Act or the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine
4 Act,
- 5 d. a clinical psychologist who is duly licensed to
6 practice by the State Board of Examiners of
7 Psychologists,
- 8 e. a professional counselor licensed pursuant to the
9 Licensed Professional Counselors Act,
- 10 f. a person licensed as a clinical social worker pursuant
11 to the provisions of the Social Worker's Licensing
12 Act,
- 13 g. a licensed marital and family therapist as defined in
14 the Marital and Family Therapist Licensure Act,
- 15 h. a licensed behavioral practitioner as defined in the
16 Licensed Behavioral Practitioner Act,
- 17 i. an advanced practice nurse as defined in the Oklahoma
18 Nursing Practice Act,
- 19 j. a physician assistant who is licensed in good standing
20 in this state, or
- 21 k. a licensed alcohol and drug counselor/mental health
22 (LADC/MH) as defined in the Licensed Alcohol and Drug
23 Counselors Act;
- 24

1 10. "Medically necessary" means services or supplies provided
2 by a health care provider that are:

- 3 a. appropriate for the symptoms and diagnosis or
4 treatment of the enrollee's condition, illness,
5 disease, or injury,
- 6 b. in accordance with standards of good medical practice,
- 7 c. not primarily for the convenience of the enrollee or
8 the enrollee's health care provider, and
- 9 d. the most appropriate supply or level of service that
10 can safely be provided to the enrollee as defined by
11 Section 6592 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

12 11. "Notice" means communication delivered either
13 electronically or through the United States Postal Service or common
14 carrier;

15 12. "Physician" means an allopathic or osteopathic physician
16 licensed by the State of Oklahoma or another state to practice
17 medicine;

18 13. "Prior authorization" means the process by which
19 utilization review entities determine the medical necessity and
20 medical appropriateness of otherwise covered health care services
21 prior to the rendering of such health care services. The term shall
22 include "authorization", "pre-certification", and any other term
23 that would be a reliable determination by a health benefit plan.
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1 The term shall not be construed to include or refer to such
2 processes as they may pertain to pharmaceutical services;

3 14. "Urgent health care service" means a health care service
4 with respect to which the application of the time periods for making
5 an urgent care determination, which, in the opinion of a physician
6 with knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition:

7 a. could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the
8 enrollee or the ability of the enrollee to regain
9 maximum function, or

10 b. in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of the
11 claimant's medical condition, would subject the
12 enrollee to severe pain that cannot be adequately
13 managed without the care or treatment that is the
14 subject of the utilization review; and

15 15. "Utilization review entity" means an individual or entity
16 that performs prior authorization for a health benefit plan as
17 defined by Section 6060.4 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes, but
18 shall not include any health plan offered by a contracted entity
19 defined in Section 4002.2 of Title 56 of the Oklahoma Statutes that
20 provides coverage to members of the state Medicaid program or other
21 insurance subject to the Long Term Care Insurance Act.

22 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.2 of Title 36, unless there
24 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1 A utilization review entity shall make any current prior
2 authorization requirements and restrictions, including written
3 clinical criteria, readily accessible on its website to enrollees
4 and health care providers. Prior authorization requirements shall
5 be described in detail but also in easily understandable language.

6 If a utilization review entity intends either to implement a new
7 prior authorization requirement or restriction, or amend an existing
8 requirement or restriction, the utilization review entity shall
9 ensure that the new or amended requirement or restriction is not
10 implemented unless the utilization review entity's website has been
11 updated to reflect the new or amended requirement or restriction.

12 If a utilization review entity intends either to implement a new
13 prior authorization requirement or restriction, or amend an existing
14 requirement or restriction, the utilization review entity shall
15 provide contracted health care providers credentialed to perform the
16 service, or enrollees who have a chronic condition and are already
17 receiving the service for which the prior authorization changes will
18 impact, notice of the new or amended requirement or restriction no
19 less than sixty (60) days before the requirement or restriction is
20 implemented.

21 SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.3 of Title 36, unless there
23 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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1 A utilization review entity shall ensure that all adverse
2 determinations are made by a physician or licensed mental health
3 professional. The physician or licensed mental health professional
4 shall:

5 1. Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license in any
6 United States jurisdiction;

7 2. Have the appropriate training, knowledge, or expertise to
8 apply appropriate clinical guidelines to the health care service
9 being requested; and

10 3. Make the adverse determination under the clinical direction
11 of one of the utilization review entity's medical directors who is
12 responsible for the provision of reviewing health care services to
13 enrollees of Oklahoma. All such medical directors must be
14 physicians licensed in any United States jurisdiction.

15 SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
16 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.4 of Title 36, unless there
17 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

18 A utilization review entity shall ensure that all appeals are
19 reviewed by a physician or licensed mental health professional. The
20 physician or licensed mental health professional shall:

21 1. Possess a current and valid unrestricted license in any
22 United States jurisdiction;

23 2. Be of the same or similar specialty as a physician or
24 licensed mental health professional who typically manages the

1 medical condition or disease, which means that the physician either
2 maintains board certification for the same or similar specialty as
3 the medical condition in question or whose training and experience:

- 4 a. includes treating the condition,
- 5 b. includes treating complications that may result from
6 the service or procedure, and
- 7 c. is sufficient for the physician or licensed mental
8 health professional to determine if the service or
9 procedure is medically necessary or clinically
10 appropriate,

11 except for appeals coming from a licensed mental health
12 professional, which may be conducted by another licensed mental
13 health professional as opposed to a physician;

14 3. Not have been directly involved in making the adverse
15 determination;

16 4. Not have any financial interest in the outcome of the
17 appeal; and

18 5. Consider all known clinical aspects of the health care
19 service under review, including, but not limited to, a review of
20 those medical records which are pertinent and relevant to the active
21 condition provided to the utilization review entity by the
22 enrollee's health care provider, or a health care facility, and any
23 pertinent medical literature provided to the utilization review
24 entity by the health care provider.

1 SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
2 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.5 of Title 36, unless there
3 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

4 A. For plan years beginning on or after January 1, 2027, a
5 health benefit plan must implement and maintain a Prior
6 Authorization Application Programming Interface (API), as described
7 in 45 C.F.R. Part 156.

8 B. By July 1, 2027, health care providers must have electronic
9 health records or practice management systems that are compatible
10 with the API.

11 C. As of the effective date of this act, a utilization review
12 entity must provide health care providers with the following
13 opportunities for communication during the prior authorization
14 process:

15 1. Make staff available at least eight (8) hours a day during
16 normal business hours for inbound telephone calls regarding prior
17 authorization issues;

18 2. Allow staff to receive inbound communication regarding prior
19 authorization issues after normal business hours; and

20 3. Provide a treating provider with the opportunity to discuss
21 a prior authorization denial with an appropriate reviewer.

22 SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.6 of Title 36, unless there
24 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1 A. If a utilization review entity requires prior authorization
2 of a health care service, the utilization review entity must make a
3 prior authorization or adverse determination and notify the enrollee
4 and the enrollee's health care provider of the prior authorization
5 or adverse determination in accordance with the time frames set
6 forth below:

7 1. For purposes of approving prior authorization for urgent
8 health care services, within seventy-two (72) hours of obtaining all
9 necessary information to make the prior authorization or adverse
10 determination; or

11 2. For purposes of approving prior authorization for non-urgent
12 health care services, within seven (7) days of obtaining all
13 necessary information to make the prior authorization or adverse
14 determination.

15 For purposes of this section, "necessary information" includes,
16 but is not limited to, the results of any face-to-face clinical
17 evaluation or second opinion that may be required.

18 B. For those health care providers that submit all necessary
19 information through the utilization review entity's authorized prior
20 authorization system, health care services are deemed authorized if
21 a utilization review entity fails to comply with the deadlines set
22 forth in this section.

23 C. In the notification to the health care provider that a prior
24 authorization has been approved, the utilization review entity shall

1 include in such notification the duration of the prior authorization
2 or the date by which the prior authorization will expire.

3 SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.7 of Title 36, unless there
5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 A. A utilization review entity shall not require prior
7 authorization for pre-hospital transportation, for the provision of
8 emergency health care services, or for transfers between facilities
9 as required by the Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act.

10 B. A utilization review entity shall allow an enrollee and the
11 enrollee's health care provider a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours
12 following an emergency admission or provision of emergency health
13 care services for the enrollee or health care provider to notify the
14 utilization review entity of the admission or provision of health
15 care services. If the admission or health care service occurs on a
16 holiday or weekend, a utilization review entity cannot require
17 notification until the next business day after the admission or
18 provision of the health care services.

19 C. A utilization review entity shall cover emergency health
20 care services in accordance with the requirements of Section 6907 of
21 Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

22 SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.8 of Title 36, unless there
24 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1 A. A health benefit plan may not revoke, limit, condition, or
2 restrict a prior authorization if care is provided within forty-five
3 (45) business days from the date the health care provider received
4 the prior authorization unless the enrollee was no longer eligible
5 for care on the day care was provided.

6 B. A health benefit plan must pay a contracted health care
7 provider at the contracted payment rate for a health care service
8 provided by the health care provider per a prior authorization,
9 unless:

10 1. The health care provider knowingly and materially
11 misrepresented the health care service in the prior authorization
12 request with the specific intent to deceive and obtain an unlawful
13 payment from a utilization review entity;

14 2. The health care service was no longer a covered benefit on
15 the day it was provided;

16 3. The health care provider was no longer contracted with the
17 patient's health benefit plan on the date the care was provided;

18 4. The health care provider failed to meet the utilization
19 review entity's timely filing requirements; or

20 5. The patient was no longer eligible for health care coverage
21 on the day the care was provided.

22 SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
23 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.9 of Title 36, unless there
24 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1 A. If a prior authorization is required for a health care
2 service, other than for inpatient care, for the treatment of a
3 chronic condition of an enrollee, then the prior authorization shall
4 remain valid for at least six (6) months from the date the health
5 care provider receives the prior authorization approval, unless
6 clinical criteria changes and notice of the change in clinical
7 criteria is provided as stipulated in this act.

8 B. If a prior authorization is required for inpatient acute
9 care for the treatment of a chronic condition of an enrollee, then
10 the prior authorization shall remain valid for at least fourteen
11 (14) calendar days from the date the health care provider receives
12 the prior authorization approval.

13 1. If an enrollee requires inpatient care beyond the length of
14 stay that was previously approved by the utilization review entity,
15 then the utilization review entity shall evaluate any prior
16 authorization requests for the continuation of inpatient care
17 according to the provisions of this act. A utilization review
18 entity shall not use any stricter criteria to determine medical
19 necessity and appropriateness of the continuation of inpatient care
20 as the utilization review entity used to evaluate the initial
21 request for authorization of inpatient care. A utilization review
22 entity shall review any relevant and pertinent literature or data
23 provided by the health care provider to determine the medical
24 necessity and appropriateness of the requested length of stay and/or

1 continuation of inpatient care. A prior authorization for the
2 continuation of inpatient care shall remain valid for a maximum of
3 fourteen (14) calendar days from the date the health care provider
4 receives the prior authorization approval.

5 2. If a utilization review entity fails to respond to a health
6 care provider's timely prior authorization request for the
7 continuation of inpatient acute care before the termination of the
8 previously approved length of stay, then the health benefit plan
9 shall continue to compensate the health care provider at the
10 contracted rate for inpatient care provided until the utilization
11 review entity issues its determination on the prior authorization
12 request.

13 For the purposes of this section, a timely request for
14 continuation of inpatient care means a request that is submitted at
15 least seventy-two (72) hours prior to the termination of the
16 previously approved prior authorization and includes all necessary
17 information for the utilization review entity to make a
18 determination.

19 3. If a utilization review entity issues an adverse
20 determination to a health care provider's prior authorization
21 request for continuation of inpatient acute care and the health care
22 provider appeals the adverse determination according to the
23 provisions of this act, then the health benefit plan shall continue
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1 to compensate the health care provider at the contracted rate for
2 inpatient care provided until the appeal has been finalized.

3 C. This section does not require a health benefit plan to cover
4 care, treatment, or services for a health condition that the terms
5 of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the policy's covered
6 benefits without regard for whether the care, treatment, or services
7 are medically necessary.

8 SECTION 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.10 of Title 36, unless
10 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 A. On receipt of information documenting a prior authorization
12 from the enrollee or from the enrollee's health care provider, a
13 utilization review entity shall honor a prior authorization granted
14 to an enrollee from a previous utilization review entity for at
15 least the initial sixty (60) days of an enrollee's coverage under a
16 new health plan.

17 B. During the time period described in subsection A of this
18 section, a utilization review entity may perform its own review to
19 grant a prior authorization or make an adverse determination.

20 C. A utilization review entity shall continue to honor a prior
21 authorization it has granted to an enrollee when the enrollee
22 changes products under the same health insurance company for the
23 initial sixty (60) days of an enrollee's coverage under the new
24

1 product unless the service is no longer a covered service under the
2 new product.

3 SECTION 12. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.11 of Title 36, unless
5 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any
7 person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not
8 affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be
9 given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to
10 this end, the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.

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SECTION 13. This act shall become effective January 1, 2025.

59-2-10728 TJ 03/11/24